

Group Code of Conduct & Ethics

March 2024



REVISION HISTORY

Division / Dept (if applicable): Group Next Review: March 2025

Version No.	Revision Date	Revision Preparer / Revision Approver / Summary of Changes	Changes Tracked (Y/N)
v1.0			N
v2.0	Feb 2021	February 2021 version	N
v2.1	Feb 2022	February 2022 version	N
v3.0	Mar 2023	Official Library Lockdown Version	Υ
v4.0	Mar 2024	March 2024 version	Υ

Procedure Sponsor:	Group Head of Compliance & Operational Risk	
Approved By:	Compliance & Operation Risk Committee	
Approval Date:		
Scope:	Group	



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Introduction

At The Bank of N.T. Butterfield & Son Limited ("Butterfield" or "the Group"), we are committed to maintaining the highest standards of ethical and professional conduct, working to earn and maintain the trust of our customers, shareholders, colleagues and the general public at large. This commitment must be reflected in everything we do: in how we conduct ourselves in business, in our conduct in the workplace, in public and in the virtual world, and in the decisions we make and actions we take every day. In the eyes of our customers and the community, we are Butterfield

The Butterfield Code of Conduct and Ethics (the "Code") summarises a number of the key policies and principles that we all need to know, understand and abide by. A common theme runs through all of these requirements. Each of us has a fundamental obligation to uphold the law and to act honestly and with integrity at all times. Never allow anyone to question your integrity or judgment as a result of the actions you take or decisions you make, even if you think that they will benefit our business.

Use your common sense: if something feels wrong about a situation or you think that someone may question the appropriateness of your actions, then you should, as a very minimum, seek guidance on what to do before you make a decision that could ultimately damage your professional reputation and that of Butterfield (refer to Section 6: "Seeking Advice"). Similarly, you must also speak up if you become aware of any potential violation of the Code by someone else (refer to Section 5: "Breach of the Code"). If you make a report in good faith, you can be assured that you will be protected from any form of retaliation.

To the extent that the policies and procedures set out in this document impact or involve data from which an individual may be identified, this document should be read in conjunction with the Group Data Protection Policy, which provides additional information on how personal data must be considered and addressed when implementing this policy.

To Whom Does the Code Apply?

The Code applies to all employees ("Employees") and Directors ("Directors") of Butterfield and all of its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"). This includes both permanent and temporary Employees working either full-time or part-time.

In general, consultants, contractors, and other third parties and suppliers are also expected to comply with the underlying principles of the Code.

Breach of the Code of Conduct

Violation of the provisions of the Code is a serious matter that may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment, recommendation to be removed from the Board of Directors of any Group entity (where relevant) and/or civil, criminal or regulatory action against the individual or the Group.

The Role of Managers

Managers play an important role in helping to ensure that the principles and standards of the Code are respected. They are role models for Employees, consultants and contractors regarding acceptable standards of behaviour and are the first point of contact for their questions about the Code. They must also support and protect any Employee that, in good faith, brings suspected violations of our Code to their attention and must make sure that they report these suspicions through the proper channels.

The Responsibility of Directors

Directors should have a direct hand in the formulation of ethics and behavioural standards of the entities for which they are appointed as Directors. They should work with management to ensure that there are adequate controls in place to ensure that those standards are met at all times.

Directors must comply with all laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Group and its business, as well as applicable Group policies and procedures. Each Director must acquire appropriate knowledge of the legal and regulatory requirements relating to their duties sufficient to enable them to recognise potential problems and to know when to seek advice from the Group's General Counsel and Group Chief Legal Officer (the "General Counsel") or the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk.

The overarching responsibilities and powers of the Board of Directors (of Butterfield and all applicable subsidiaries) are outlined in Butterfield's and the relevant subsidiary's bye-laws, as well as the associated policies such as the Corporate Governance Guidelines and the Corporate



Governance Policy for Subsidiaries.

Quick Reference Guide

The Code is divided into six sections:

- 1) How We Do Business
- 2) Conduct in the Workplace
- 3) Managing Conflicts of Interest
- 4) Fair Treatment of Customers
- 5) Protecting Our Brand
- 6) Breach of the Code

The following quick reference guide is intended to outline some common situations that may arise and to help you to navigate quickly around the Code. Please remember that this should not be seen as a substitute for familiarising yourself with the entirety of the Code itself.

Situation	Code Section(s)	Reference
You observe conduct by a customer that you consider unethical, illegal, or contrary to the spirit of the Code.	1. How We Do Business 6. Breach of The Code	1.1 and 1.2 All
You are asked by a family member to process a transaction for them.	3. Managing Conflicts of Interest	3.3
You experience or observe conduct that you believe violates Group policies prohibiting discrimination or harassment.	Conduct in the Workplace Breach of The Code	2.2 All
A customer offers you the opportunity to use his vacation property for a holiday for free.	3. Managing Conflicts of Interest	3.5 and 3.5.1
You wish to accept an offer to become involved with an outside business.	3. Managing Conflicts of Interest	3.4
You want to blog about your day at work on Facebook or other social networks.	5. Protecting Our Brand	5.2
You have been offered the opportunity to serve as a director, trustee or officer of a not-for-profit organisation.	3. Managing Conflicts of Interest	3.4
A colleague asks to "borrow" your system ID and password.	2. Conduct in the Workplace	2.6
You are approached by a close friend who asks you to handle their mortgage application for them.	3. Managing Conflicts of Interest	3.1
You are increasingly worried about a colleague that regularly appears impaired when he or she comes to work or returns at lunchtime.	How We Do Business Breach of The Code	1.1 and 1.2 All
You receive a telephone call from a reporter with a local newspaper who asks you for a quote.	5. Protecting Our Brand	5.4
You work in Asset Management and want to undertake a personal investment trade in the same stock as a client.	3. Managing Conflicts of Interest	1.4 and 3.6
A customer wishes to open a new account, but you believe it is unsuitable for the customer's needs.	4. Fair Treatment of Customers	4.1



Implementing the Code

If you are a new Employee of Butterfield, you are required to confirm that you have read and understand your obligations under the Code within 10 business days of your start date.

Once you are an Employee of Butterfield, you are required to attest to your familiarity with the Code and your adherence with all of its provisions every year through an online e-learning course.

As a Director, you are required to annually attest to the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk to your having read and understood the Code and to your adherence to its provisions. This attestation is captured through the annual D&O questionnaire process facilitated by Group Legal.

A failure to comply with these requirements does not affect the applicability of the Code or any of its provisions to you.

Responsibility for the Code

The Board of Directors of Butterfield (the "Parent Board"), in conjunction with the Corporate Governance Committee of the Parent Board (the "Corporate Governance Committee") are responsible for administering this Code of Conduct and Ethics. The Parent Board has delegated day-to-day responsibility for administering and interpreting this Code to the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk and the General Counsel. The Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk and the General Counsel report directly to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer with respect to these matters and will also make reports as needed to the Corporate Governance Committee and the Risk Policy & Compliance Committee of the Parent Board regarding the implementation and effectiveness of this Code as well as the policies and procedures put in place to ensure compliance with this Code.

Exceptions to the Code

The Group discourages waivers to this Code except in extraordinary circumstances. Some situations may justify making exceptions to the Code. All Employee requests for exceptions must be discussed first with your manager. If they agree to pursue the request, written approval must be obtained from your local Managing Director ("Managing Director") and counter-signed by the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk, the General Counsel or the Group Chief Risk Officer. Certain exceptions may also need to be referred to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Group for final approval.

If a Director recommends that an exception should be made to the application of the provisions of this Code, they should refer the matter directly to the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk or the General Counsel. In these instances, exceptions shall be approved solely by the Corporate Governance Committee.

A record of all exceptions granted shall be kept by the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk and will be reported to the relevant subsidiary Board of Directors and Corporate Governance Committee.



1. How We Do Business

Banks must be trusted if they are to succeed. You are expected to act honestly, ethically and with integrity at all times, respecting the Group's customers, suppliers and the general public, safeguarding the information and assets with which you are entrusted, upholding the law and complying with the regulations applicable to your role.

1.1 Preventing Corruption, Bribery and Fraud

All Group businesses are subject to anti-bribery and corruption laws. Upholding these laws includes an obligation to prevent bribery and corruption (perceived or otherwise) by others. You must familiarise yourself with the <u>Group's Anti-Bribery & Corruption and Whistleblower</u> policies.

Under no circumstances may you give, offer or promise anything of value to anyone in an effort to influence their actions, obtain an improper advantage, or induce them to do business with the Group. This applies regardless of whether the recipient is the person whose actions may be influenced (such as a customer, supplier or public official) or others such as their members of their immediate family ("Family Members") or favourite charities. Similarly, you are prohibited from using your position to solicit, accept, obtain or be promised advantages, whether directly or indirectly, in connection with any business decision or transaction.

Payments may only be made to public officials (including representatives of government agencies, public international organisations, regulatory bodies, the judiciary and candidates for political office) on behalf of the Group with the prior written approval from either the General Counsel or the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk. This includes in the context of the giving of gifts ("Gift") and/or entertainment ("Entertainment"). Political contributions made on behalf of the Group require pre-clearance from the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.

Successfully preventing fraud requires an ongoing commitment from all of us. This includes actively participating in the detection and reporting of suspected fraud, regardless of by whom it is or may be committed. If you discover or have any suspicion that an Employee, customer, contractor, supplier or other third party may have engaged in bribery or other corrupt practices or that such acts are about to be committed, you have a responsibility to report it immediately to your manager, a member of your local Compliance or Internal Audit teams or via the Group's Whistleblower Website (refer to Section 5: "Breach of the Code").

1.2 Anti-Money Laundering, Anti-Terrorist Financing and Suspicious Activity Reporting

The Group has established policies, procedures and internal controls that are designed to assure compliance with laws and regulations regarding the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing, including associated economic sanctions as defined by the Group Sanctions Policy. You should be familiar with and comply with these requirements and understand your obligations to:

- o know your customers and the products and services they use, especially if you deal with customers and the processing of their transactions as a part of your role and responsibilities;
- o be alert to and report any customer, activity or transaction that you regard as suspicious in accordance with the requirements set out in the Group Financial Crime Minimum Standards; and
- o participate in required training.

As an Employee or Director, you are required to submit any suspicions (as above) in the form of an Internal Disclosure ("Internal Disclosure"), in accordance with the appropriate Group Financial Crime policies and procedures. This obligation falls outside the reporting framework established under the Group Whistleblower Policy. Any queries in relation to the Group Financial Crime policies and procedures should be directed to the local Money Laundering Reporting Officer ("Money Laundering Reporting Officer") or Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk.

1.3 Fair Treatment

The Group is committed to dealing fairly with its customers, suppliers, regulators, Employees, Directors and shareholders (collectively, "Stakeholders"), as well as in all business dealings conducted on the Group's behalf. We believe in fair and open competition based on providing quality service to our customers at a competitive price. Accordingly, we must comply with applicable laws; competing vigorously, yet lawfully, with competitors and establishing advantageous, but fair, business relationships.



As Employees, Directors or otherwise representatives of the Group, we must deal ethically and lawfully with the Group's customers and Employees in all business dealings and we should not take unfair advantage of another person in business dealings on the Group's behalf through the abuse of privileged or confidential information or through improper manipulation, concealment or misrepresentation of material facts, or any other unfair dealing practices.

Unlawful and unethical conduct, which may lead to short-term gains, will damage the Group's reputation and long-term business prospects.

1.4 Protecting Confidentiality & Privacy

You must safeguard the information with which you are entrusted and preserve its confidentiality, regardless of whether it relates to a financial, business or personal matter or whether it belongs to the Group or any of its customers, suppliers and Employees.

You must observe the following principles, together with the requirements of the Group Data Protection Policy when dealing with information that comes into your possession. Remember that these cover all forms of communication, whether written, telephonic and electronic (such as through the use of email and instant messaging) and extend to all situations in which you may use such information, including when you are away from work or are working remotely:

- o assume that the information in your possession is confidential unless clearly indicated otherwise;
- o always treat personal information about your colleagues as confidential;
- o do not try to access confidential information unless you are authorised to doso;
- o before sharing confidential information, be sure that you are permitted to do so and use your judgment to limit the amount shared so that this is only ever disclosed on a "need-to-know" basis;
- o do not disclose confidential information to anyone outside of the organisation unless you are authorised to do so unless the information is required by law to be disclosed, or a customer has authorised the release. If in doubt, check with your local Compliance team, the Group Legal Department, your Local Information Officer or Group Data Protection Officer before doing so; and
- o take responsibility for preventing the unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. Great care should be exercised when discussing information in open work areas or in public places where it could be overheard by others. Similar care should be taken when documents are in your possession and when you print, copy, fax, transmit, file or dispose of them.

Your obligation to safeguard information extends beyond your employment or directorship with the Group. You must not misappropriate or disclose information in anticipation of your resignation or termination of employment or directorship or forward it to your home computer, your personal email address or to any other third party. In addition, once your employment or association with the Group ends, you must return all copies of information in your possession relating to the Group or its customers in whatsoever form and the means of accessing such information, including (but not limited to) ID cards, laptops, tokens, personal digital assistants and mobile devices.

Certain confidential information may also be considered material price sensitive information, such as unpublished financials for Butterfield. U.S. Federal Securities laws, the rules of the Bermuda Stock Exchange and the New York Stock Exchange and the criminal laws of Bermuda (as well as any other applicable laws in the jurisdictions in which we operate), prohibit any member of staff and their Family Members from dealing directly or indirectly in Butterfield securities on the basis of material non-public information ("Material Non-Public Information"), or from disclosing such information to others who might trade on the basis of that information (see the Group's Insider Trading Policy for more information). The consequences of such actions may include a fine and/or imprisonment. When considering this obligation, reference must also be made to Clause 3.6, below.

1.5 Fiduciary Duties

The Group acts as a fiduciary in certain customer relationships. You should determine when fiduciary duties arise and keep in mind that a fiduciary has a legal duty to act in the best interests of its clients by putting them ahead of the Group's own interests or the interests of its affiliates or Employees and Directors. A fiduciary also has a duty to act prudently, treat clients fairly, maintain the confidentiality of client information, protect fiduciary assets and provide comprehensive disclosures. This duty includes informing customers of any conflicts of interest or, if legally required, avoiding such conflicts altogether.

In accepting an appointment to a Board of Directors (where applicable), you assume a wide variety of general legal duties, including fiduciary duties that are owed to that entity. Each Director must acquire appropriate knowledge of the legal requirements relating to their duties sufficient to enable them to recognise potential problems and to know when to seek advice from the Group Legal.

Directors are required to act honestly and in good faith in the interests of the Group as a whole (meaning the general body of existing and



future shareholders) and not for any collateral purpose. While Directors do not have legal ownership of the Group's assets, they do have effective control of them and they must use them and employ them for the proper purposes of, and in the best interest of the Group.

1.6 Treatment and Selection of Suppliers

Suppliers should be treated fairly and chosen based strictly on value, quality of service, availability and price. The Group is committed to only dealing with suppliers that share standards of ethical and business conduct that are consistent with the Code.

If you are responsible for a supplier relationship, every effort should be made to avoid any real or perceived conflicts of interest that may arise in the procurement process (refer to Section 3: "Managing Conflicts of Interest"). You must never lead the supplier to believe that they can inappropriately influence a procurement decision made by the Group. Nor may you suggest that any service provided may be withdrawn or awarded in return for other business. It is also a criminal offence to allow any service provider acting on behalf of the Group to engage in any action that may be interpreted as an act of bribery for the Group's benefit.

1.7 Policies, Procedures and Internal Controls

To uphold the principles of this Code, and facilitate continued compliance with applicable external legal and regulatory obligations, the Group has a framework of Group, jurisdictional and business-line policies and procedures in place, supported by relevant controls to ensure and monitor day-to day adherence to such. All Employees are responsible for being aware of, and adhering to Group policies and procedures, as well as all others applicable to them. Non-compliance shall be treated as a breach and may lead to further action being taken against them.

In order to exercise effective controls, the Group has implemented the Three Lines of Defence ("Three Lines of Defence") (outlined in the Enterprise Risk Management Framework) which includes systems for internal and external audit, risk management, financial and operational control, compliance and legal oversight.

1.8 Adequate Personnel

Butterfield employs suitable members of staff who are appropriately trained and competent to discharge their duties effectively. The responsibilities and authority of each staff member are clear and appropriate to their qualifications and experience.

Butterfield operates a regular programme of training for all staff, including on the subject of the Group's internal policies, procedures and controls. This includes training on financial crime requirements and dealing with customer queries and complaints.

1.9 Individual Conduct

This Code of Conduct lays out expectations of behaviour for all employees and directors of the Group. For the avoidance of doubt, each individual must:

- act with integrity;
- o act with due skill, care and diligence;
- o be open and cooperative with applicable regulators;
- o pay due regard to the interests of customers and treat them fairly; and
- o observe proper standards of market conduct.

Further, those with senior management responsibilities have an obligation to:

- o take reasonable steps to ensure that the business of the Group for which they are responsible is controlled effectively;
- o take reasonable steps to ensure that the business of the Group for which they are responsible complies with relevant regulatory and policy requirements;
- o take reasonable steps to ensure that any delegation of their responsibilities is to an appropriate person and that the delegated responsibility is effectively overseen; and
- o disclose appropriately any information of which the applicable regulator would reasonably expect notice.

2. Conduct in the Workplace

The Group is committed to creating a safe, productive and professional work environment in which everyone – be they customers, Employees, contractors, suppliers or the general public at large - is treated fairly, with decency and with respect. Your personal conduct and the way in



which you treat others should uphold these commitments.

2.1 Diversity and Equal Opportunity

Diversity is critical to our success as an organisation. Different backgrounds and experiences bring a diversity of ideas and perspectives to the workplace and enable us to better understand and respond to the needs of a diverse customer base. By applying diversity standards to the procurement process, we are also able to assure that our sourcing decisions are based on quality and price.

The Group is fully committed to compliance with the letter and spirit of the law regarding fair employment practices and equal opportunity in the workplace, and to ensuring that our recruitment, remuneration and advancement decisions are based strictly on merit, ability and performance.

2.2 Protection Against Harassment and Discrimination

Discrimination against any individual or group on the basis of race, national origin, colour, ethnic origin, gender identity, marital status, family status, sexual orientation, disability, age, religion or beliefs, or political opinions is repugnant and completely contrary to the Group's commitment to provide a respectful and professional workplace. Harassment or discrimination of any sort is strictly prohibited, as is retaliation for reporting situations where harassment or discrimination has allegedly taken place. Please refer to the Group Equality Policy and the Group Anti-Harassment and Bullying Policy for more information.

2.3 Safety and Security in the Workplace

Each of us has the right to work in a safe environment. Violence (physical or otherwise, which includes threats, sabotage, bullying and taunting) is strictly prohibited. You must familiarise yourself with and follow local policies and procedures relating to health and safety in the workplace.

2.4 Alcohol, Drugs and Gambling

While on Butterfield premises or otherwise working on behalf of Butterfield, you must not be:

- o impaired by alcohol or illegal drugs;
- o in possession of opened alcoholic beverages or illegal drugs; or
- o participating in gambling.

The consumption of alcohol is strictly prohibited on Group premises except for at designated functions that have been specifically approved by the local executive management team and are under the direct supervision of the manager who is responsible for the event itself. If you consume alcohol while working on behalf of the Group, you will do so responsibly and will not use any means of transportation that jeopardises your safety or that of others.

The Group recognises alcohol, drug and gambling dependency as a treatable condition. If you believe that you may have a dependency problem of this kind, you are strongly encouraged to approach management or your local Human Resources team and to seek appropriate treatment and rehabilitation before this affects your job performance.

2.5 Political or Religious Activity

Your personal political and religious beliefs and practices are a strictly private matter that should not be allowed to reflect on the Group as an organisation. You must not carry out political activities or engage in religious advocacy on Group premises, nor campaign, seek contributions, nor promote your political or religious beliefs in a manner that impacts upon others. Group resources should also not be used at any time for these purposes.

2.6 Maintaining Information Security

The equipment, systems, computing facilities and other assets that are made available to you are the property of the Group and must be protected from theft, damage or misuse. Where reasonable personal use is permitted by policy, you are expected to use common sense to determine what is considered reasonable and what is not. You should have no expectation of privacy when using these resources. Please refer to the <u>Group Information and Cyber Security Policy</u> for additional information.



Personal use of email, telephones and the Internet must not be allowed to interfere with the performance of your duties or those of your colleagues. You are also prohibited from using the Group's systems to access, download, upload, save or distribute information that may be considered offensive (such as material containing racist terminology or nudity), illegal, unethical, discriminatory or inconsistent with the requirements of this Code.

The data and communications transmitted through, received by, or contained in the Group's electronic or telephonic equipment are Group property subject to the Group Data Protection Policy, and applicable laws and regulations. You should have no expectation of privacy when using these resources inappropriately, or in contravention of any Group policy or procedure. Furthermore, subject to applicable laws and regulations, the Group may monitor, review and disclose such data and communications and conduct periodic investigations into potential violations of any policy based on this information, subject to external data protection obligations.

You are accountable for all activity carried out on Group systems using your personal IDs or passwords. For this reason, never share your IDs or passwords with anyone.

The Group practices a "clean desk" policy in all of its premises. You must not leave sensitive information on your desk when you go home at night or during the day where it may be seen by cleaners, contractors, visitors or other Employees that are not authorised to access such information. To this end, filing cabinets and drawers (or equivalent) containing sensitive materials must be locked when not in use.

2.7 Acting within Delegated Authorities

You are responsible for understanding your employment duties, for devoting your working day to serving the interests of the Group and its customers in a professional manner and for complying with the various policies and procedures that are relevant to yourrole.

Your authority to act on behalf of the Group is limited by various laws, regulations, licenses, corporate charters, policies, procedures and job descriptions. You must not give a customer financial, trust, tax, investment, legal or other advice unless this is specifically within the scope of your employment duties and you hold the appropriate qualifications to do so.

You must understand the limits assigned to you and ensure that your actions do not exceed them. You must not sign any document or otherwise represent or exercise authority on behalf of the Group unless you are specifically authorised to do so.

Any delegation of your authority to another Employee should be reasonably limited in scope, clearly communicated, and subject to appropriate ongoing oversight.

2.8 Intellectual Property

During your employment, any concept, idea or process you develop, or work you undertake relating to any of the Group's businesses (whether solely or in conjunction with others) belongs exclusively to the Group. As a condition of your employment, you agree to assign exclusively to the Group all of your right, title and interest in all such intellectual property and deliver any documents, records or "know how" requested by the Group as a part of this process.

3. Managing Conflicts of Interest

Generally speaking, a conflict of interest is any situation in which your real, potential or perceived actions, interests or relationships might be seen as interfering with your ability to act in the best interests of the Group and its Stakeholders. Managing potential conflicts of interest goes a long way to ensuring that you avoid situations that may be perceived to be unethical or that may otherwise contravene our Code.

While the sections below provide guidance on certain specific situations, they are not intended to be exhaustive. You must use your common sense and good judgment to recognise any situation that could lead an outside observer to believe that a conflict may exist (even when this is not actually the case) or that could cause you or the Group embarrassment if disclosed publicly and avoid it. If you are in any way unsure, speak with your manager and/or local Country Compliance Officer or any of the contacts in Section 6 of the Code ("Seeking Advice").



3.1 Conflicts of Interest Register

Each regulated Group entity will maintain a Conflicts register to record any identified Conflicts. The register is held by Compliance in each jurisdiction. The General Counsel will maintain a register of identified potential conflicts relating to Parent Board non-executive directors. Subsidiary board non-executive directors are required to notify the local company secretary of any new appointments.

Jurisdictional registers will be updated on a trigger event basis and will be circulated to impacted individuals on an annual basis for reconfirmation.

3.2 Reporting Conflicts of Interest

All Group Employees and Directors have a responsibility to be aware of any conflicts they may have and to report any which are identified. Conflicts of Interest should be reported to Compliance using the Conflicts of Interest Reporting Form and jurisdictional mailbox.

Training is provided to all employees on recognising conflicts of interests and how to report them.

3.3 Actual and Potential Conflicts of Interest

An actual conflict of interest means an existing conflict, for example a personal relationship between a Group Employee and a client. A potential conflict is one that does not currently exist but possibly could in the future, for example a family member that works for a business which could supply equipment to the Group in the future.

Both actual and potential conflicts of interest should be reported using the process above and where possible, plans should be put in place to prevent potential conflicts becoming actual conflicts.

3.4 Managing Conflicts of Interest

The Group seeks to mitigate the impact of any conflict of interest. Where possible measures will be taken to avoid conflicts. Where this is not possible, the conflict must be managed to minimise impact to the operations of the Group and to its Stakeholders.

Where all reasonable measures have been taken to manage a conflict but those measures are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that the risks of damage to the interests of a client will be prevented, we will consider whether disclosure is appropriate so that a decision can be made as to whether the client wishes to continue doing business with us in a particular situation or whether, bearing in mind the risks involved, we should refrain from acting for one or more of our clients. In such instances, consultation with the General Counsel and the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk may be necessary.

3.5 Managing Conflicts During Directorship

The Directors of Group Boards are under a duty to act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the Group. When making decisions about the affairs of the Group, Directors must be alert to the possibility that they or their fellow Directors could be affected by an actual or perceived conflict of interest. Directors must comply with their entity's organizational documents and local rules and regulations, in addition to Group governance policies, with respect to managing conflicts of interest.

3.6 Personal Relationships

In general, you should not act on behalf of the Group in any transaction, negotiation or business relationship involving yourself, Family Members or other persons or organisations with which you or your family have a significant personal connection or financial interest.

Similarly, negotiating with the Group on behalf of others with whom you or your family have a significant connection should be avoided if there is a risk that your involvement would be seen by others as trading on your position with the organisation.

Hiring or working with relatives, or someone with whom you have a romantic relationship, is subject to specific restrictions. You should contact your local Human Resources team to discuss these restrictions if you believe that they may apply to you.

3.7 Managing Your Personal Finances

Working for a financial services organisation places additional responsibilities on you when managing your personal finances. Your professional credibility may be damaged if these are managed improperly. It may also bring into question your suitability for a role.



You must manage your financial affairs responsibly at all times and in accordance with any terms and conditions agreed. If you are concerned about your ability to meet your commitments at any time - especially if you have borrowed from the Group - then you should discuss the situation with your manager or a representative from your Credit Risk Management function as soon as possible. Failing to acknowledge your financial difficulties and to work constructively to find ways in which they can be addressed will be treated seriously.

Involvement in, and failure to report, suspicious activities will be considered grounds for immediate termination (refer to Section 1.2).

You may not borrow from or lend money to another Employee (other than nominal amounts) or act as guarantor or in a similar capacity for them. Nor may you borrow or lend personal funds to any client or supplier that has an ongoing or prospective business relationship with the Group, unless these transactions are with Family members and meet all other reporting and pre-clearance requirements, as applicable.

3.8 Processing Personal Transactions

You must not process a transaction in any of the Group's systems:

- o for yourself;
- o for a Family Member or any person with whom you share a close personal relationship;
- o for any person or organisation with which you or a Family Member has a significant personal connection or financial interest, or;
- o in your capacity as a personal representative under the terms of a power of attorney.

Similarly, you must not ask a fellow Employee that directly reports to you to process such a transaction on your behalf.

Under no circumstances should an Employee process a transaction or product for a third party that would allow them to inappropriately benefit from a staff discount or rate (e.g., a staff mortgage rate on a joint investment property with a co-worker). This includes jointly held facilities outside of a familial relationship, which require pre-approval from the local Managing Director and Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk.

3.9 Outside Activities & Outside Business Interests

As an Employee or Director, you are expected to put your position with the Group ahead of any outside activity, business or investment opportunity you may want to pursue or a second job you may hold. In general, Employees may not:

- o accept a business opportunity from someone who does or seeks to do business with the Group if the offer is as a result of your position with the company;
- o take a business opportunity for yourself that rightfully belongs to the Group;
- o engage in any business opportunity or hold a position with a company that may be considered as competing with our businesses, unless pre-cleared by your local Managing Director and Compliance Officer; or
- o use your position to obtain paid employment as a consultant oradviser;
- o act as a personal representative (such as a trustee, executor, guardian, or through the grant of a power of attorney) for anyone other than a Family Member with whom the Group has a business relationship;
- o engage in any outside activity that might interfere with your job performance or require you to give such long hours that it may affect your physical or mental effectiveness; or
- o engage in any outside activity that might be perceived by your manager or department head as interfering with your ability to exercise independent judgment regarding the best interests of the Group and its Stakeholders.

While Butterfield recognises Employee's rights to become involved in political activities such as running for public office, accepting an appointment for public office, or accepting a position with a governmental agency, quasigovernmental entity or similar authority, such opportunities may create a conflict of interest with your responsibilities as an Employee or Director. You are required to obtain pre-clearance from the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer before campaigning for or accepting such a role, noting that this may affect the positions you may be able to hold within the Group and the terms of your employment contract.

You must also disclose and obtain pre-clearance from your local Managing Director (or the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, if you are one of his direct reports) before accepting a position as a director, officer, or holder of any official position or committee membership of a public or privately held, for-profit entity (collectively, "Executive Positions"). For the avoidance of doubt, pre-clearance is not required before accepting any of the following positions, provided that it does not create a conflict of interest with your role or responsibilities with the Group:



- o holding an executive position in any business that is already owned by your family;
- o holding a position with a professional association or other such organisation related to your position with the Group; or

holding a position with a condominium association, local club or society. however, you are required to notify the Compliance team immediately of an appointment and are required to establish what notification, if any, is required to be made to the local regulator.

Directors owe a duty to the Group to advance its legitimate business interests when the opportunity to do so arises. Subject to the below, any new board appointments are required to be conflict cleared through the applicable Company Secretary or Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk. New appointments or changes to existing roles may also require notification to regulators in jurisdictions where you are a member of a subsidiary board, hold a directorship for any Group legal entity or hold an approved position.

As a Director you may not:

- o divert to yourself or to others any opportunities that are discovered through the use of the Group's property or information, or as a result of your position with the Group, unless such opportunity has first been presented to, and rejected in writing by, the General Counsel;
- o use the Group's property or information or your position for improper personal gain; or
- o compete with the Group.

3.10 Changes in Personal Information

All Employees are required to keep their local Human Resources department updated with changes in personal circumstances including change of address, marital status, etc.

Directors and all approved persons are required to keep regulators updated with changes which may include a change of directorship, change of address, etc. You must liaise with Compliance Officers in your local jurisdiction to comply with reporting and notification timelines.

3.11 Gifts & Entertainment

A gift can take many forms. For the purposes of the Code, a "Gift" means anything of value for which someone (be it you or the third party with which you have a business relationship) is not required to pay the retail or usual and customary cost. A Gift may include, for example, meals and refreshments; tickets to entertainment and sporting events; goods and services or the use of a residence or vacation home. More detail is available in the <u>Group's Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy</u>.

Employees and Directors may not solicit, accept or retain Gifts of money under any circumstances nor may they solicit non-money Gifts, gratuities, or any personal benefit or favour of any kind from any business, firm or individual doing or seeking to do business with the Company. "Entertainment" whether provided by the Group or received by an Employee, includes any event such as social, hospitality, charitable, or concert, meanl, leisure activities, conference or marketing event or equivalent. An event must include the presence of at least one Employee from the Group and the donor/recipient.

Employees and Directors may offer and/or accept meals, invitations to athletic events and other Entertainment to or from clients or prospective clients if the Entertainment is of reasonable value, appropriate in the context of their position with the Group and the Group's business objectives and in accordance with applicable Group or subsidiary policies. They should not, however, encourage or solicit Entertainment from a business, firm or individual because they are doing or seeking to do business with the Group. Directors will be reimbursed for Entertainment expenses only in accordance with Group or subsidiary policies and procedures applicable to such Director as in effect from time to time.

In certain circumstances, a Gift or event may be seen by others as creating a conflict of interest, or, in extreme cases, a form of bribery. As such, you should always apply the following general rules:

- o you should never accept a Gift or receive Entertainment from any customer, supplier or other party doing business with the Group unless it is clear that the person is not trying to influence or reward you inappropriately in some way; and
- o you should never solicit anything of value for yourself or someone close to you as a result of your position with the Group.

If you believe that others may view a Gift or Entertainment you propose to give or have given to a customer, vendor or other third party as some form of inducement or reward, then it should not be given.

3.10.1 Accepting Gifts & Entertainment

Gifts and/or Entertainment may be accepted on infrequent occasions when (i) it is clear that the person giving the Gift / Entertainment is not trying to reward you inappropriately for something you have done or will do, and; (ii) the Gift meets the following criteria:



- o it has a retail value of no more than \$200 or its equivalent; or, in the case of Entertainment, a value of no more than \$150 for lunch or \$300 for dinner;
- o it is received at a time when Gifts are customary (e.g., the year-end gift-giving season, or the occasion of a promotion or retirement, etc.); or
- o in the case of meals, refreshments or other forms of Entertainment where your attendance is related to your duties with the Group, your host is present, and the level of expense is reasonable and customary in the context of your business relationship and can be easily reciprocated, and; the frequency of such invitations from the host is not excessive;

You may not accept any of the following forms of Gift:

- o cash or cash equivalents (such as gift certificates, gift cheques, or securities);
- o tickets for personal travel or the provision of accommodation for personal use; or
- o tickets to any event for your personal use, or when the host is not present.

3.10.2 Giving Gifts & Entertainment

Business-related Gifts and Entertainment should always be (i) reasonable and customary in the context of your relationship with the recipient; (ii) appropriate for the occasion, and; (iii) in conformity with the principles of this Code and all other applicable policies. They should not be of a value so lavish or otherwise inappropriate that it could appear that they are offered with the intent of influencing the recipient to act improperly. Gifts and Entertainment given should still meet the criteria set out above for those received.

The offer or payment of commissions to any third party requires specific approval from your local Managing Director, Group Chief Risk Officer and the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The payment of unauthorised commissions is expressly prohibited.

Gifts and facilitation payments must not be given to public officials (including representatives of government agencies, public international organisations, regulatory bodies, the judiciary and, candidates for political office) see the <u>Group's Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy</u>.

3.10.3 Approval of Non-Conforming Gifts & Entertainment

In accordance with the Group Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, pre-approval may be obtained, on a case-by-case basis, from the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk (or their delegate) with regard to the giving or receiving of a Gift or Entertainment that falls outside of the criteria set out above. Any such approval must be in writing and based on full written disclosure of all relevant facts (e.g. the name of the donor, the circumstances surrounding the offer of the Gift or Entertainment, the parties involved, its approximate value, and any reasons why it cannot or should not be returned).

If you find yourself in a situation where you are unable to obtain the required approval before accepting a Gift (for example, where refusing to do so would create public embarrassment to the donor), the Gift may be accepted but must be disclosed to Compliance as soon as possible, in accordance with the process outlined in the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy.

Compliance will record all requests and as such these will be subject to testing from time to time, and reported to the Group Risk & Compliance Committee, or associated committees as required.

3.12 Personal Investing

Your personal investment activities must comply with local laws and regulations and should not affect (or create the appearance of affecting) your ability to make unbiased business decisions that are in the best interests of our customers and the Group. In addition to complying with all relevant policies and procedures applicable to your specific line of business, you should observe the following principles in carrying out personal transactions in securities (which, for the purpose of this Code, shall include all financial instruments) or non-financial investments (i.e., real estate, currency):

- o your personal investing activities in securities or non-financial investments should never interfere with your ability to focus on the interests of the Group and its customers during the working day;
- o Financial or non-financial investments with co-workers must be pre-cleared with your local Managing Director and Compliance Officer prior to engagement and are not eligible for staff benefit rates;
- o Peer-to-peer currency exchanges (for example, the exchange of domestic and non-domestic currencies with another Employee or customer) are not permitted

For financial instruments:



- o if you believe that you may have come into possession of Material Non-Public Information about a company that, if known, may affect the market price of its securities ("Inside Information"), you must never buy or sell these securities for your own account ("Insider Trading") or pass on the Inside Information to any other person ("Insider Tipping"), regardless of how you became aware of the information;
- o you should inform Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk that you have become aware of potential InsideInformation;
- o you must not exploit your knowledge of securities trading proposed by the Group or any of its customers to buy or sell the same or an equivalent security;
- o you should not invest in the securities of a customer with which you have or recently had significant dealings or responsibility on behalf of the Group if your investment could be perceived as based on confidential information. If you already own the securities of a company before such dealings take place, you must disclose your shareholding to either the Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk, the General Counsel or your local Compliance team and obtain prior approval from Compliance locally before selling these securities; and
- o your trading activities must always be within your financial means. Do not engage in excessive trading activities that represent a high degree of financial risk or speculation.

From time-to-time certain individuals within the Group may be asked by the General Counsel to sign a non-disclosure agreement ("NDA") relating to potential non-public activity of the Group. Prior to signing such a document, you must reconfirm your understanding of the obligations placed upon you in such circumstances. As a reminder, you will become fully restricted in discussing matters the subject of the NDA; you will not be permitted to deal in impacted securities (nor will your Family Members); and you must observe strict confidentiality regarding the matter at all times.

These principles and any supplementary policy requirements apply not only to you, but also to transactions in any account (i) that is established or maintained by you (including an account that is established with your consent or knowledge in which you have a financial interest); (ii) that is established or maintained by your spouse, partner, minor children or any other person to whom you provide significant financial support, or (ii) over which you have or share power to make investment decisions, regardless of beneficial interest.

3.11.1 Trading in Butterfield Securities – Covered Persons

Trading in Butterfield Securities by covered persons ("Covered Persons") must be conducted in accordance with the terms of the Group's Insider Trading Policy, including Directors who are presumed to have increased access to insider information regarding the Group as a result of their position and responsibilities. Any questions relating to such activity should be directed to the General Counsel.

3.11.2 Submission of Personal Investing Account Statements

Employees of certain Group businesses may be subject to additional restrictions or policies regarding personal trading of securities as a result of the positions they hold and the investment information to which they have access. These may include restrictions on trading, the preclearance of transactions proposed, disclosure of investment accounts held and the submission of personal investment account statements on a periodic basis for review. You should consult with the General Counsel, Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk or your local Compliance team to determine whether such restrictions apply to you. For most Employees this will not be a standard requirement.



4. Fair Treatment of Customers

The Group is committed to providing its customers with the highest possible standards of service. The Group builds the trust of its customers by demonstrating its fair treatment through acting ethically and with integrity in all customer interactions.

The sections below detail how the Group will demonstrate its commitment to the fair treatment of its customers. In particular, it outlines how we interact with customers and how our products are advertised

4.1 Customer Awareness & Suitability

With respect to Group products and services, we endeavour to assist customers with:

- o Understanding product risks, including financial risks;
- o Making informed decisions and understanding how their actions may affect outcomes; and

Highlighting when to access independent legal and professional advice to help make informed decisions.

The Group has an obligation to ensure that the products or services being offered to a customer are appropriate for their circumstances and objectives. In some jurisdictions, local regulations prescribe specific processes that must be applied to ensure a produce or service is suitable for customer ("Suitability" requirements).

For details on whether these requirements are applicable and how they should be applied, please make reference to local procedures or contact the Compliance team.

4.2 Fees and Rates

[The Group] is committed to transparency in its disclosure of rates, fees and charges. Relevant information on current rates and fees is publicly available on the Group website as well as product specific literature and advertisements as appropriate.

In the event that there is a material change to a product fee or to the base lending rate, the Group will give adequate notice to all affected customers as outlined in the relevant terms and conditions.

4.3 Lending

The Group is committed to being a responsible lender, taking into consideration customer needs and circumstances as well as sound practices and procedures regarding suitability of advice, where applicable.

If a change in interest rates or their method of calculation is required, the Group will communicate this to customers is a timely manner and via communication channels appropriate for all customers as determined by the relevant regulatory requirements and applicable terms and conditions.

4.4 Closed and Inactive Accounts

The Group's approach to the closure or deactivation of accounts, including the criteria leading to deactivation, is publicly available to customers. Funds are returned to customers promptly when their account is closed and information is readily available to customers on how to claim funds that may be in an inactive account.

4.5 Vulnerable Customers

Anyone can be or become vulnerable at any point in their life, and some customers may be at a higher risk of harm than others. A vulnerable customer is generally considered someone who, due to their personal circumstances, is especially susceptible to detriment, particularly when an organization is not acting with appropriate levels of care.

The Group seeks to provide exemplary service and convenience to our customers including processes, training and policies to help identify, protect and deal with vulnerable customers. Staff are expected to be alert to signs that a customer could be vulnerable and take extra care that they are not entering into a commitment which they do not understand or may not be in their best interest.



While not all customers will inform the Group of their personal circumstances, staff are expected to remain alert to signs that someone may require additional support. Examples include:

- o Health conditions or illness that affect the ability to carry out day-to-day tasks
 - Physical disability
 - Severe or long-term illness
 - Hearing or visual impairment
 - Poor mental health
 - Cognitive impairment
- o Low ability to withstand financial or emotional shocks
 - Low or erratic income
 - Over-indebtedness
 - Low savings
- o Negative life events
 - Income shock i.e., job loss, redundancy
 - Bereavement
 - Domestic abuse
- o Low knowledge of financial matters or low confidence in managing money (financial capability) or low capability in literacy or digital skills.
 - Poor literacy
 - Learning difficulties
 - Low English skills

As a responsible financial institution, the Group offers additional support to help customers who may be vulnerable. These include:

- o Providing customer communications in alternative formats and use assistive technologies;
- o Arranging for a third party to be present at the meetings (e.g., family member, companion).
- o Obtaining relevant documents in Braille for customers with vision impairment.
- o Organising for a qualified 'signer' for customers with impaired hearing.
- o Allocating additional time for appointments; spreading the advice process over several shorter appointments.
- o Deferring a review of your customer's circumstances until they have had time to come to terms with their situation.
- o Changing the venue of meetings to assist customers who have difficulty with mobility.
- o Post-sale contact to ensure the customer has understood all post-sale documentation and to offer further explanations or support as required.



5. Protecting Our Brand

The Group is committed to assuring, insofar as possible, that its communications are accurate, consistent with the views of the organisation, and are only delivered by Employees that are specifically authorised to communicate on various issues. Certain forms of communication must also comply with regulatory requirements.

In the eyes of our customers and the community, each of us represents the Group. While you have the right to publicly express your personal views, you must always be alert to situations in which your actions may be seen by others as potentially damaging to the Group brand and refrain from making statements that may compromise the reputation of the organisation. You must also maintain the confidentiality of our business and customer information at all times.

5.1 Use of Group Brand, Facilities and Relationships

You should only ever use the Group's names, logos, facilities or relationships as a part of your job responsibilities or when their use has been specifically approved for use at an approved external function (such as at a charitable event). You must never use them for personal benefit.

5.2 Acting Responsibly in Public

Working for a financial services organisation places you in a position of trust in the community at large. You should work to preserve this trust by acting responsibly, upholding the law and acting honestly and with integrity at all times, regardless of whether you are representing the Group in an official capacity or not.

Falling short of these fundamental obligations may damage your credibility and professional standing, leading others to question whether you are suitable for the role you hold. Disciplinary action may also be considered where your actions, by association, are seen as bringing the Group into disrepute or are potentially damaging to our brand.

In the event that you are charged with, or convicted of any criminal offence while employed by the Group (other than any offence under any road traffic legislation for which a fine or non-custodial sentence is imposed) you must notify your Manager and local Human Resources team immediately. For the avoidance of doubt, offences that are considered to be contrary to the spirit or letter of this Code may result in disciplinary action being taken against you, up to the termination of your contract of employment.

5.3 Personal Use of Social Media

You should observe the following principles when expressing your views via social media such as blogs, wikis, internet chat rooms and social networks (e.g. Facebook, YouTube, LinkedIn, etc.):

- o just as with any other form of communication, never include confidential information relating to the Group's businesses or any of its customers, suppliers, projects, transactions, procedures or Employees in your postings;
- o be aware of your association with the Group when using social media. If you identify yourself as an Employee, ensure that your profile and related content is consistent with how you wish to present yourself with colleagues and customers;
- o if you publish content or comments online relevant to the Group in your personal capacity use a disclaimer such as this: "I work for Butterfield. All opinions expressed are my own and do not necessarily represent the position of my employer". Always remember that anything you post that damages the reputation of the Group will ultimately be your responsibility;
- o respect your audience. Never use ethnic slurs, personal insults, obscenity, or engage in any conduct that would not be acceptable in the workplace. You should also show proper consideration for others' privacy and for topics that may be considered objectionable or inflammatory, such as politics and religion;
- o remember that what you publish will be public for a long time and will be both searchable and retrievable. Also remember that your contributions may be viewed by or forwarded onto a far wider audience than you ever may have intended, including customers, regulators, competitors, members of the media and your fellow Employees; and
- o respect copyright laws.

5.4 Media Enquiries

If you receive any enquiry from a member of the media regarding the Group, you should immediately refer it to your local Managing Director or a member of your Marketing & Communications team. You should never respond to the media unless you are authorised to do so, regardless of the subject of the enquiry or whether the conversation is on or off the record.



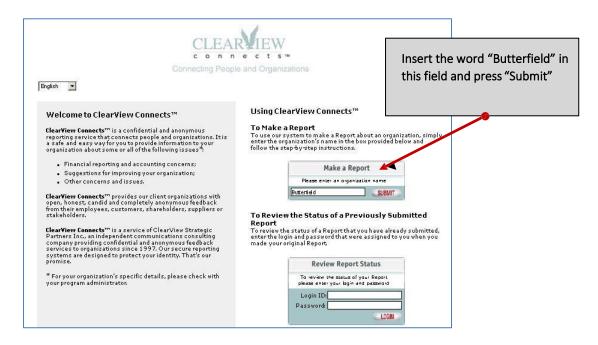
5.5 Advertising and Marketing Materials

The Group's advertising and marketing materials must comply with applicable legal and regulatory requirements, including all regulatory disclaimers, and reflect the principles of ethics, integrity and professionalism that run throughout this Code. If you are involved in the production of such materials, you must ensure that all pre-clearance requirements are met before such materials are published. If you are unsure, please check with local Compliance.

6. Breach of the Code

Breach of the provisions of this Code is a serious matter that may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment, removal from the Board (where relevant) and/or civil, criminal or regulatory action against the individual or the Group. Employees and Directors are encouraged to act proactively by reporting suspected violations of this Code and other Group policies and procedures, as well as any violation or suspected violation of applicable law, rule or regulation arising in the conduct of the Group's business or occurring on the Group's property.

If something seems illegal, unethical or improper to you, it may very well be and you have an obligation, as a condition of your employment, to bring it to the attention of your Manager or another member of management; any member of the Group's Risk, Compliance or Internal Audit functions; your local Human Resources representative, or; the General Counsel. Where appropriate, Directors should immediately bring the matter to the attention of the General Counsel on the Corporate Governance Committee. If you are uncomfortable about raising your concerns with the contacts listed, you may contact the Group's Whistleblower Website, at: www.clearviewconnects.com



All investigations are treated as confidentially as possible, consistent with the need to understand and address the matter raised and comply with applicable laws and regulations. While you are encouraged to communicate your concerns openly, these may be made anonymously. However, please remember that if you choose to remain anonymous, it may not be possible to obtain any additional information needed to investigate or address your concern.

The Group prohibits retaliation against anyone for raising concerns or questions in good faith regarding a real or potential contravention of this Code or a suspected violation of applicable laws, regulations or policies or for participating in a subsequent investigation of the concerns raised.

If you believe that you have been treated adversely as a result of reporting a violation, you should immediately contact the Group Head of Human Resources.



7. Seeking Advice

This Code is intended to provide you with guidance in many situations. That said, no document can ever be definitive.

If you encounter a situation that is not specifically addressed and would like additional guidance on how to address it, you can always seek guidance from your Manager, your local Managing Director or any member of the Compliance or Internal Audit teams. Alternatively, questions can also be directed to any of the following:

Name	Role	Email Address	Telephone Number
Andrew Burns	Group Head of Human Resources	andrew.burns@butterfieldgroup.com	(441) 298 4828
Bri Hidalgo	Group Head of Compliance and Operational Risk	bri.hidalgo@butterfieldgroup.com	(441) 298 4619
Lilian Ling	Group Head of Internal Audit	lilian.ling@butterfieldgroup.com	(441) 299 3834
Simon Des-Etages	Group General Counsel and Chief Legal Officer	simon.des-etages@butterfieldgroup.com	(441) 278 580 [Confirm]

Alternatively, if you wish to make your enquiry anonymously, submit it to the Butterfield Whistleblower Website:

www.clearviewconnects.com